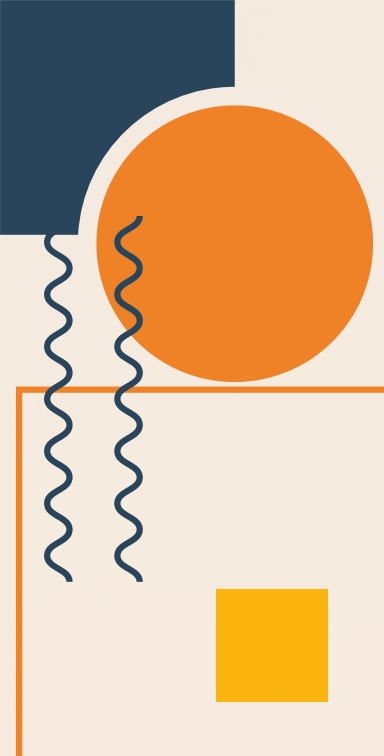




2025

INTRODUCTION TO LINGUISTICS

BASIC CONCEPTS OF PRAGMATICS



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Explaining definitions of pragmatics.
- Distinguishing between the meaning of semantics and pragmatics.
- Identifying main concepts of pragmatics.
- Analyzing examples of language use in the context.

DEFINITION OF PRAGMATICS

(Yule, 1996) states Pragmatics is the study of the relationships between linguistic forms and the users of those forms.

DEFINITION OF PRAGMATICS

Pragmatics in the English language is one of the youngest of linguistic disciplines.

DEFINITION OF PRAGMATICS

Pragmatics is a subfield of linguistics the study of language that focuses on implied and inferred meanings.

MAKNA PRAGMATICS

Pragmatics adalah cabang linguistik yang mempelajari makna dalam konteks. Berbeda dari semantics yang fokus pada makna literal kata atau kalimat, pragmatics mempelajari bagaimana makna dipengaruhi oleh konteks penggunaan bahasa.

SIMPLE EXAMPLE OF PRAGMATICS

Kalimat: "Bisa tutup jendela?"

Semantik: kalimat ini adalah pertanyaan tentang kemampuan.

Pragmatik: kalimat ini sebenarnya adalah permintaan agar seseorang menutup jendela.

STUDY OF PRAGMATICS

The advantage of studying a language via Pragmatics is that one can talk about people's intended meanings, their assumptions, their purposes or goals, and the kinds of actions (for example, requests) that they are performing when they speak. The big disadvantage is that all these very human.

STUDY OF PRAGMATICS

The big disadvantage is that all these very human concepts are extremely difficult to analyse consistently and objectively. Two friends having a conversation may imply some things and infer some others without providing any clear linguistic evidence that we can point to as the explicit source of 'the meaning' of what was communicated.

SEMANTICS VS PRAGMATICS



Semantics

Fokus: Makna literal

Konteks: Tidak dipertimbangkan

Contoh: Arti kata "panas" = suhu tinggi

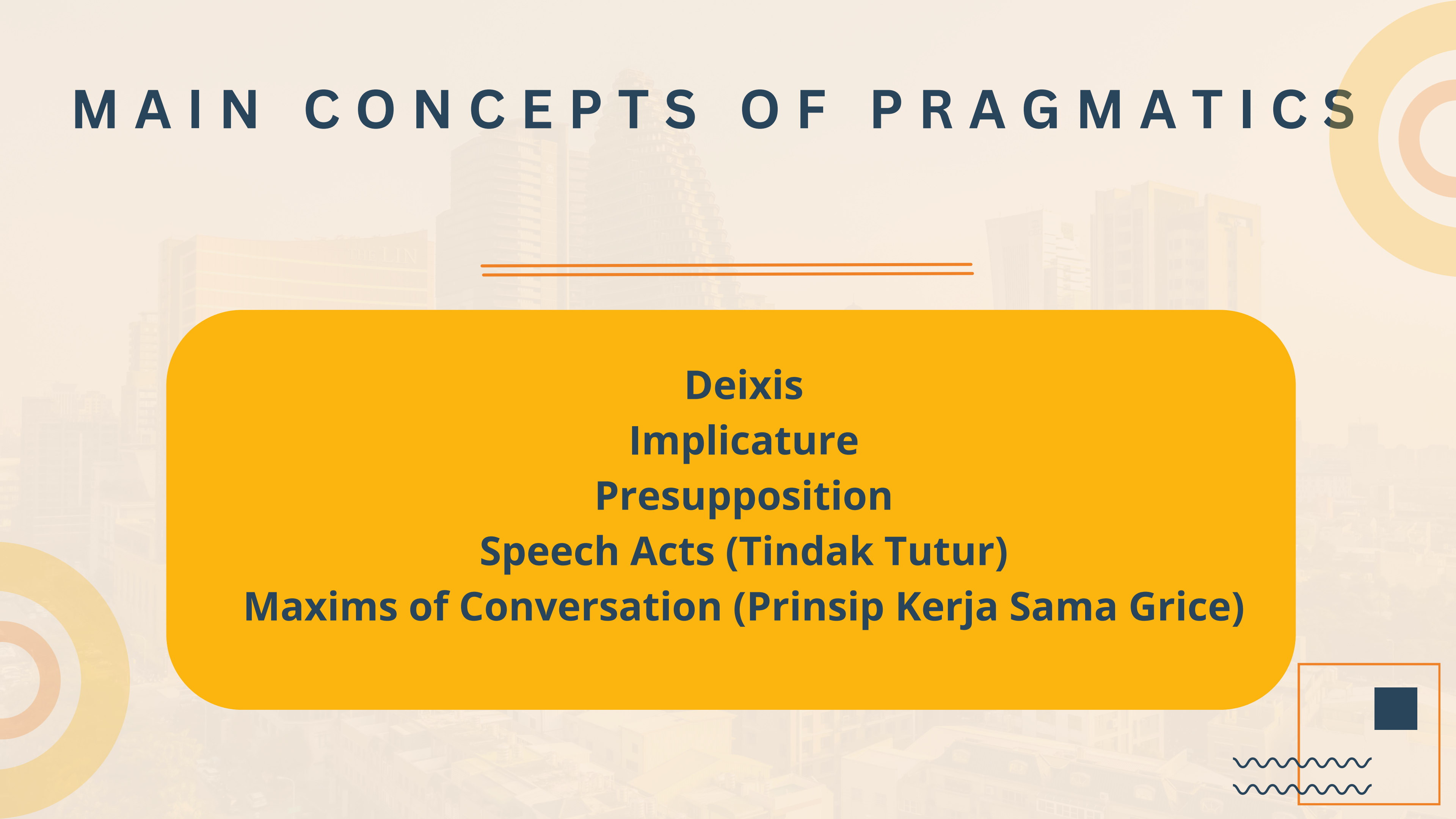
Pragmatics

Fokus: Makna dalam konteks

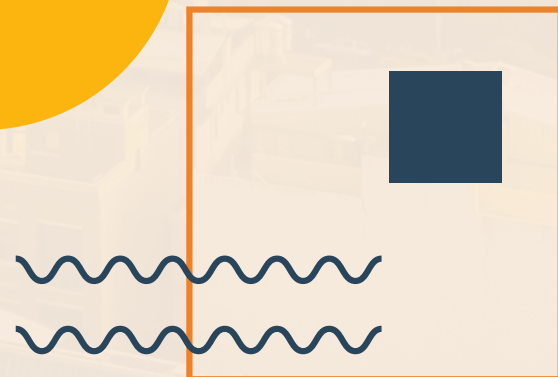
Konteks: Sangat penting

Contoh: Bisa berarti marah, cuaca, dsb.

MAIN CONCEPTS OF PRAGMATICS



Deixis
Implicature
Presupposition
Speech Acts (Tindak Tutur)
Maxims of Conversation (Prinsip Kerja Sama Grice)



The background features a faded, high-angle view of a city with various skyscrapers and buildings. In the top-left corner, there is a square icon with an orange border containing a dark blue square and two wavy lines. In the top-right corner, there are two concentric circles in yellow and orange. In the bottom-left corner, there are two concentric circles in yellow and orange. In the bottom-right corner, there is a square icon with an orange border containing a dark blue square and two wavy lines. Two horizontal orange lines are positioned below the main text.

THANK YOU