

Contoh soal:

diketahui data-data berikut:

$(0, -6); (2, 4); (4, 10)$

Tentukan perkiraan dari  $f(1)$

| $x$ | $f(x)$ | $\Delta f(x)$ | $\Delta^2 f(x)$ |
|-----|--------|---------------|-----------------|
| 0   | -6     | 10            |                 |
| 2   | 4      | 6             | -4              |
| 4   | 10     |               |                 |

Annotations:  
-  $\Delta f(x_0)$  points to the value 10 in the  $\Delta f(x)$  column.  
-  $\Delta^2 f(x)$  points to the value -4 in the  $\Delta^2 f(x)$  column.

$$h = 2$$

$$s = \frac{x - (0)}{2} = \frac{x - 0}{2} = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$P_2(x) = f(x_0) + \Delta f(x_0) \cdot s + \frac{\Delta^2 f(x_0)}{2!} \cdot s(s-1)$$

$$= -6 + 10 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{2!} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{x}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$= -6 + 5 \cdot x - \frac{4}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{x}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$= -6 + 5x - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{x}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$= -6 + 5x - x \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$f(1) = -6 + 5(1) - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$= -6 + 5 - 1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right) = -6 + 5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$= -1 - 1 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -1 + \frac{1}{2}$$

# interpolasi Gregory mundur

$(0, -6); (2, 4); (4, 10)$

| x | f(x) | $\nabla f(x)$ | $\nabla^2 f(x)$ |
|---|------|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | -6   |               |                 |
| 2 | 4    | 10            | (-4)            |
| 4 | (10) | (6)           |                 |

$$= -\frac{1}{2} = -0.5$$

$$h = 2$$

$$s = \frac{x-4}{2}$$

$$x_2 = 4$$

$$P_2(x) = f(x_2) + \nabla f(x_2) \cdot s + \frac{\nabla^2 f(x_2)}{2!} \cdot s(s+1)$$

$$= 10 + 6 \cdot \left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right) - \frac{4}{2!} \cdot \left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right) \left(\frac{x-4}{2} + 1\right)$$

$$= 10 + 3 \cdot (x-4) - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{x-4}{2}\right) \left(\frac{x-4}{2} + 1\right)$$

$$= 10 + 3x - 12 - (x-4) \left(\frac{x-4}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= 10 + 3x - 12 - (x-4)$$

$$\frac{x-2}{2}$$

$$f(1) = 10 + 3(1) - 12 - (1 - 4) \left( \frac{x-2}{2} \right)$$

$$= (10 + 3 - 12 - (-3)) \left( \frac{x-2}{2} \right)$$

$$= 10 + 3 - 12 + 3 \left( \frac{x-2}{2} \right)$$

$$= -0,5$$