

# NAMES OF NUMBERS

The following figure shows a printable **number names 1 to 1000** chart to you with 1 to 1000 spelling in English. To make you learn this easily, they can be prompted to call out numbers in your day-to-day life referring to the objects that you see around them. This chart helps you memorize 1 to 1000 in English words.

## Number Names

Read the following numbers and their corresponding number names.

1 One	11 Eleven	10 Ten	100 One hundred
2 Two	12 Twelve	20 Twenty	200 Two hundred
3 Three	13 Thirteen	30 Thirty	300 Three hundred
4 Four	14 Fourteen	40 Forty	400 Four hundred
5 Five	15 Fifteen	50 Fifty	500 Five hundred
6 Six	16 Sixteen	60 Sixty	600 Six hundred
7 Seven	17 Seventeen	70 Seventy	700 Seven hundred
8 Eight	18 Eighteen	80 Eighty	800 Eight hundred
9 Nine	19 Nineteen	90 Ninety	900 Nine hundred
10 Ten	20 Twenty	100 One hundred	1000 One Thousand

## Writing In Words

253

Two hundred and fifty three

543

Five hundred and forty three

908

Nine hundred and eight

## Names of Numbers Above 1000 in English

Use a **comma** (not a point or space) to set off **thousands/ millions** in whole numbers: for example, “**6,800**”, “**25,612**”, “**25,612,800**”.

Use “billion” to mean a thousand million (1,000,000,000), and “trillion” to mean a thousand billion (1,000,000,000,000). (*In older British usage, “billion” was equivalent to a million million while “trillion” was equivalent to a million million million.*)

Another important difference in comparison to other European languages is that the words “hundred”, “thousand”, “million”, etc. *are never used in the plural* when pronouncing a number, for example:

**Correct** *seven thousand three hundred (and) fifty two (7,352)*

**Wrong** *seven thousands three hundreds (and) fifty two (7,352)*

**Correct** *two million one hundred thousand (2,100,000)*

**Wrong** *two millions one hundred thousands (2,100,000)*

We only use the plural (“hundreds, thousands, millions”) when referring to an unspecified number of objects of the given order of magnitude. Compare:

*Millions of locusts swarmed over the city.*

*Thirty million locusts swarmed over the city.*

As to whether to use “**and**” between “hundred” and the rest of the number, both “**two hundred and fifty**” and “**two hundred fifty**” **are correct**. The variant with “and” is more common in British English whereas the variant without “and” is more common in American English.

Also note that, when speaking about the number of objects or people, we usually say “a hundred/thousand/million”, rather than “one hundred/thousand/million”.